

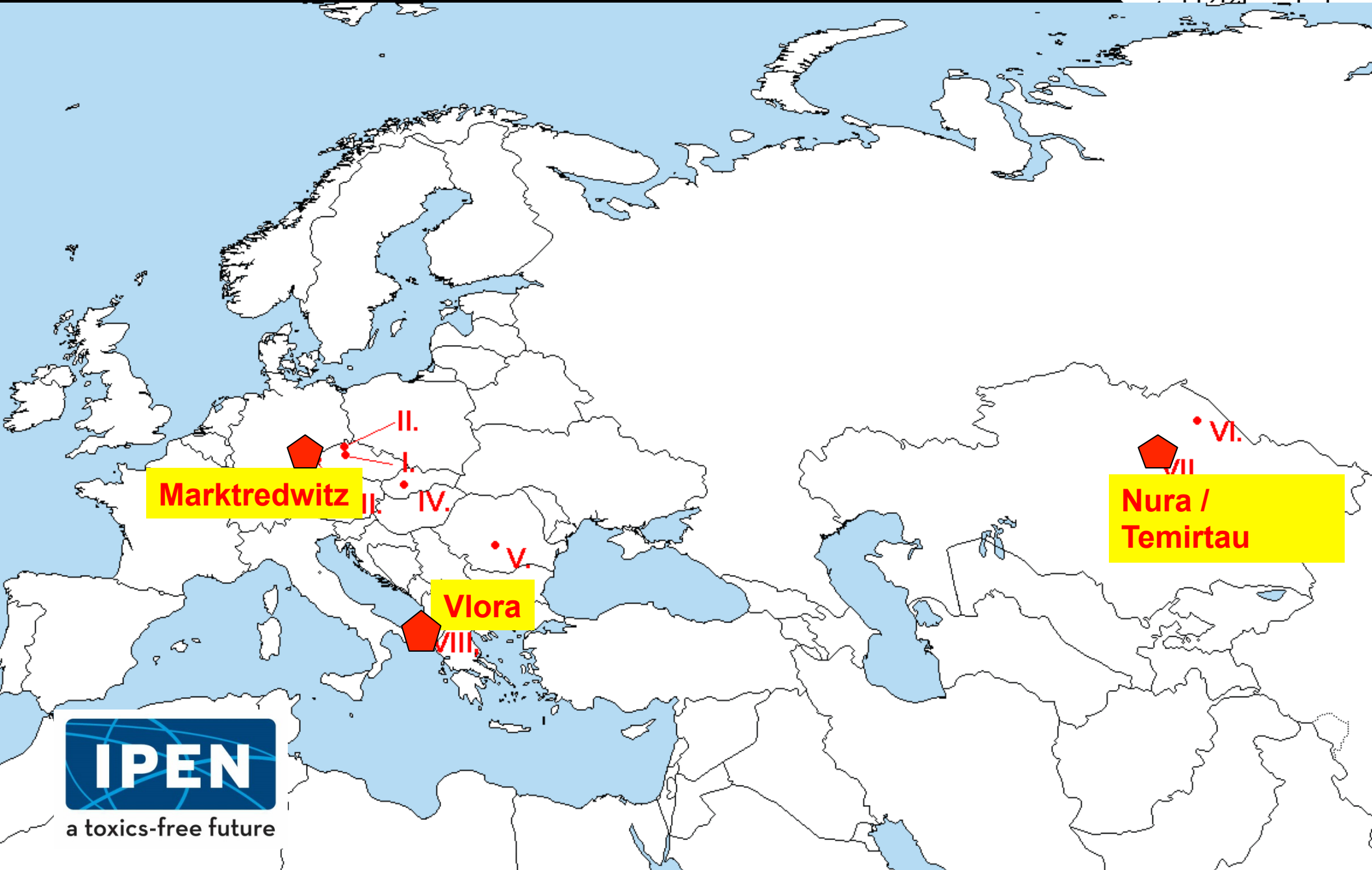
Mercury Contaminated Sites - Chemical Industry Legacy in CEE Region

*Jindrich Petrlík - IPEN Toxic Metals WG co-
chair*

*Executive director of Arnika - Toxics and
Waste Programme*



Mercury Contaminated Sites in CEE Region



Research and monitoring studies in CEE



CONTAMINATED SITES AND THEIR MANAGEMENT

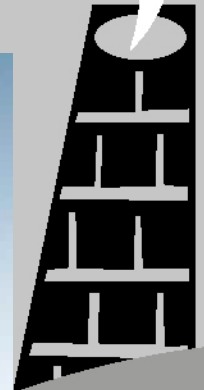
Case studies: Kazakhstan and Armenia



The European Union's Non-State Actors In Development - Actions In Kazakhstan programme



Prague, Karaganda – April 2015



Research and monitoring studies in CEE

Chemical Plants as a Significant Source of Mercury Contamination in the CEE Region (2015)

<http://english.arnika.org/kazakhstan/publications>

Contaminated Sites and Their Management. Case studies: Kazakhstan and Armenia (2015)

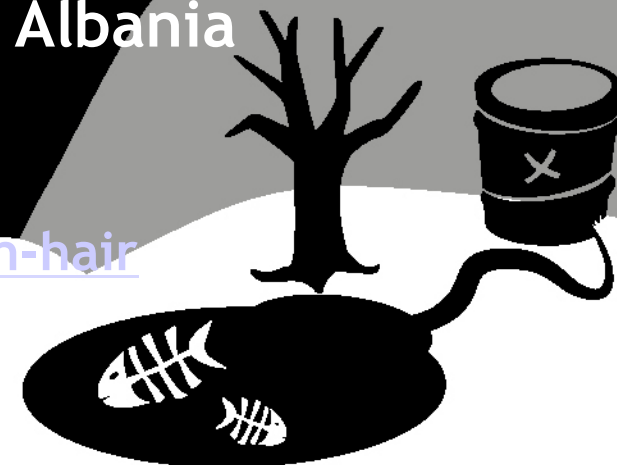
(Горячие точки загрязнения токсичными веществами. Центральный и восточный Казахстан)

<http://english.arnika.org/kazakhstan/publications>

Contaminated site: Vlora Mercury Hot Spot in Albania

IPEN Mercury Free Campaign Report (2013)

<http://www.ipen.org/projects/mercury-fish-and-human-hair>

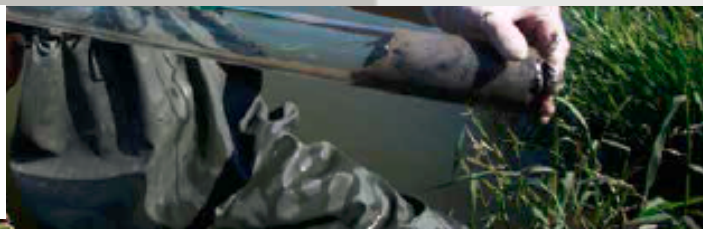


Nura river, „Karbid“ Temirtau (Kazakhstan)

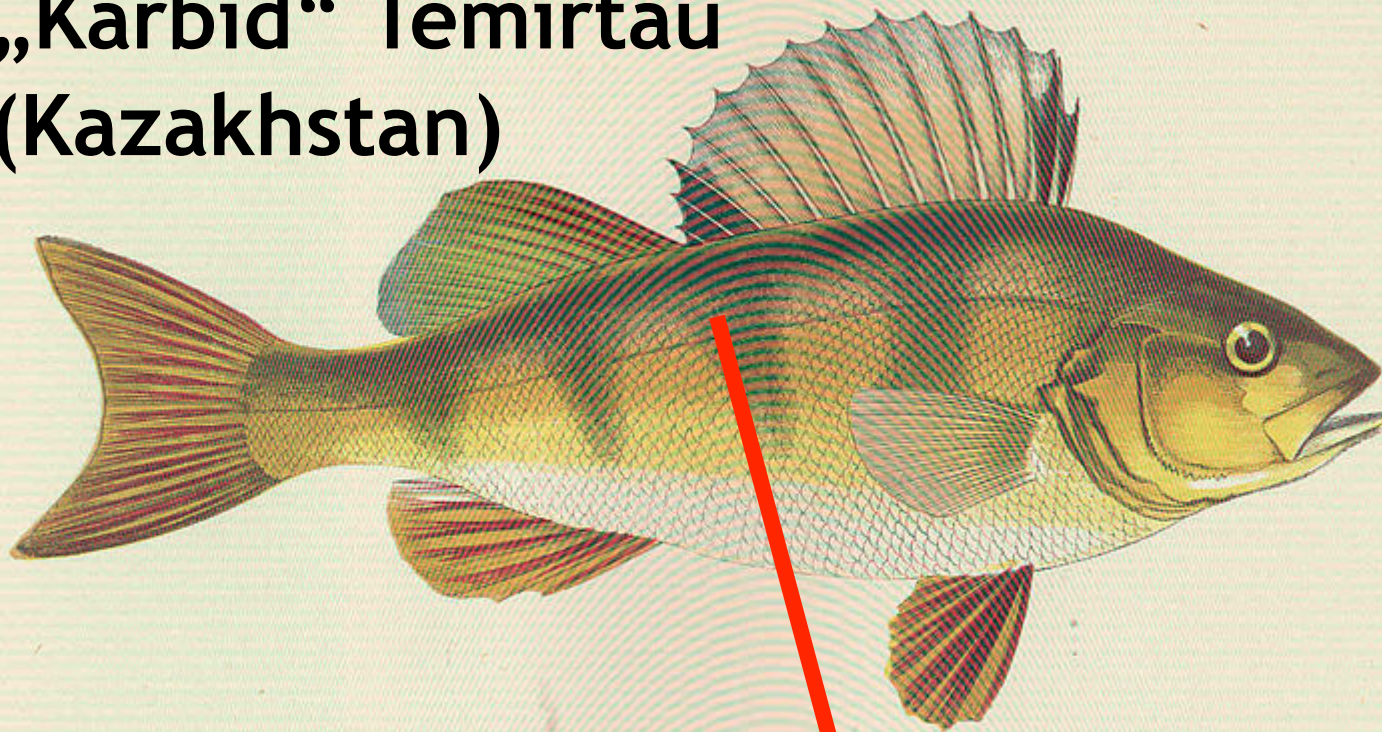


ANALYSIS OF HUMAN HEALTH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH MERCURY IN SELECTED SAMPLES – HAZARD QUOTIENTS (HQ).

Concentration in soil (mg kg ⁻¹)	Exposition pathway			
	Ingestion of soil	Dermal contact of soil	Ingestion of vegetable	
11.8	8.4E-02	1.7E-02	3.5E+00	3.6E+00
10.1	7.2E-02	1.4E-02	3.0E+00	3.1E+00
17.0	1.2E-01	2.4E-02	5.1E+00	5.2E+00
178	1.3E+00	2.5E-01	5.3E+01	5.5E+01
10.8	7.7E-02	1.5E-02	3.2E+00	3.3E+00



Nura river, „Karbid“ Temirtau (Kazakhstan)

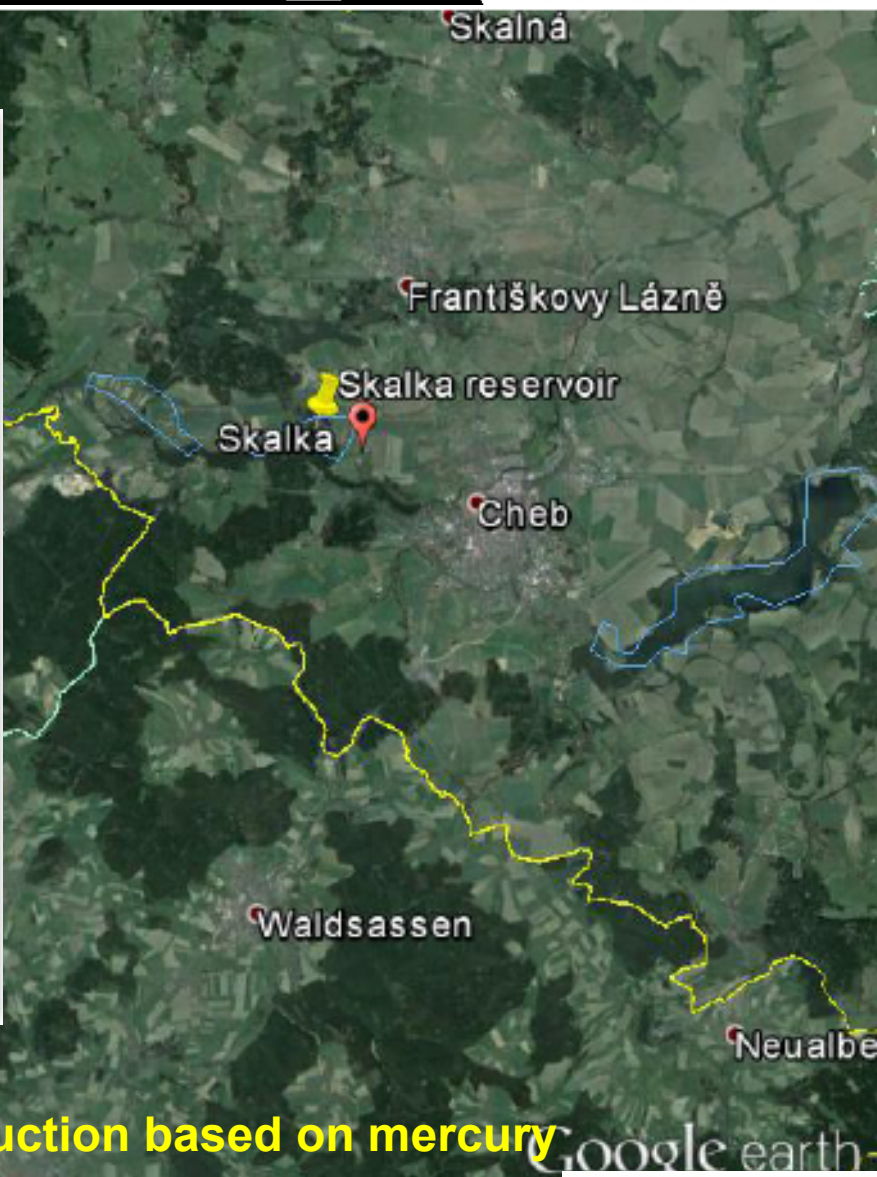


MERCURY IN
S GIVEN IN

Standard deviation (SD) of the measurement is 12 %.

Sample Code	Mercury (mg kg ⁻¹)	Methylmercury (mg kg ⁻¹)
NUR-F-14/1/1	0.442	0.343
NUR-F-14/1/2-3	1.38	1.36
NUR-F-14/2	0.634	0.543

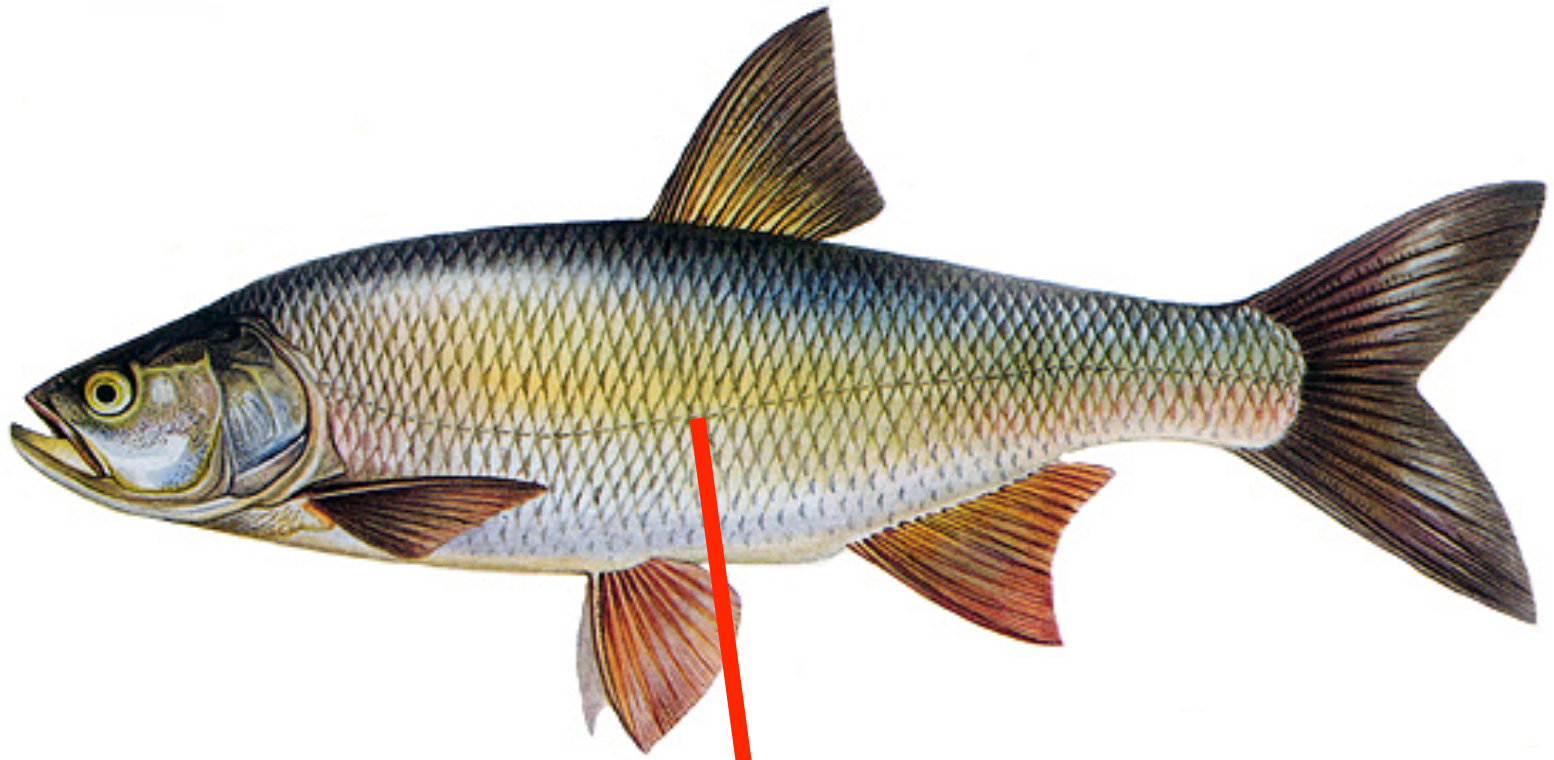
Martredwitz (Germany) and Skalka reservoir (Czech Rep.)



Established in 1788; 1907 – 1985 – herbicide production based on mercury

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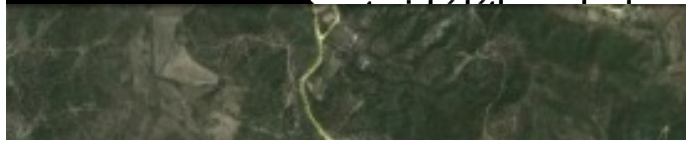
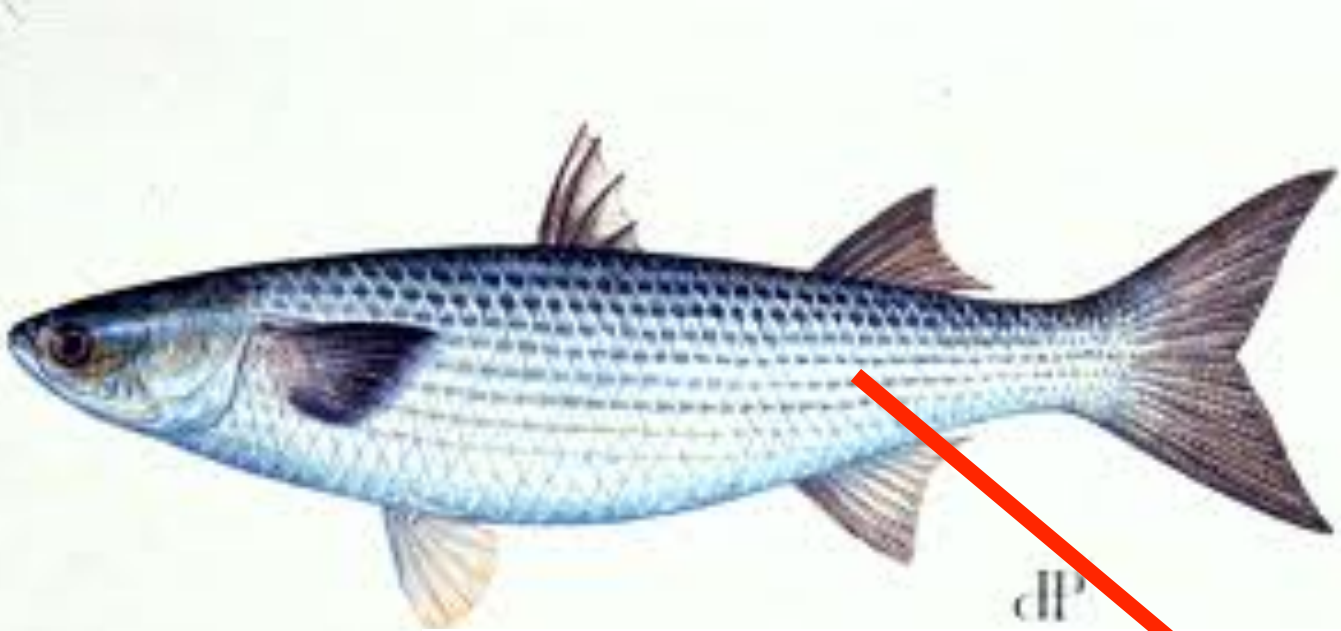
Martredwitz (Germany) and Skalka reservoir (Czech Rep.)



species	n		
Big head carp			
Bream	0	1.04 (0.59-1.55)	0.90 (0.55-1.25)
Roach	5	0.87 (0.65-1.37)	0.81 (0.58-1.27)
Silver bream	2	0.95 (0.91-0.99)	0.86 (0.81-0.91)
Asp	4	3.41 (3.00-4.05)	3.11 (2.93-3.40)
Eel	3	1.85 (1.66-2.11)	1.80 (1.52-2.26)
Wels	1	1.11	0.96



Vlora (Albania)



	Sample Size	Hg Mean(ppm, ww)	St Dev	Min Hg (ppm)	Max Hg (ppm)
All fish samples	14	0.285	0.227	0.112	0.961
Cod fish	11	0.195	0.076	0.112	0.343
Mullet fish	3	0.617	0.309	0.365	0.961



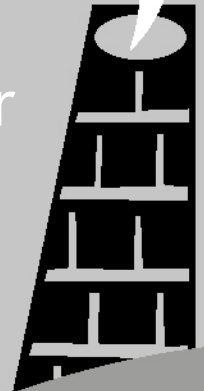
Data SIO: MORA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO
40°28'37.83" N 19°26'57.22" E elev. 2 m

Contaminated Sites in CEE Region



Remediation of Contaminated Sites is Crucial!

„Contaminated sediments at the bottom of surface waters can serve as an important mercury reservoir, with sediment-bound mercury recycling back into the aquatic ecosystem for decades or longer.“ ([UNEP 2002](#)). Contaminated sites also contribute to re-mobilization and re-emissions of mercury, a significant source and pathway of mercury air emissions ([Pirrone, Cinnirella et al. 2010](#)); ([UNEP Chemicals Branch 2008](#)).



Contaminated Sites in CEE Region



Combined pollution sources

Sources of mercury releases are combined at many sites - ongoing chlorine or VCM production as well as contaminated soil/sediments/site by mercury from historic production using mercury

Major fish contamination

by mercury can be several tenths km far downstream from the plant (e.g. Karbid facility 60 - 70 km far from Intumak dam (Kazakhstan); Marktredwitz, Germany 20 km from Skalka dam, Czech Republic)



Děkuji - Thank you
Спасибо - Arigato



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